



INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

Class: VI	Department: Social Science	Sub: CIVICS
Worksheet No - 9	Topic: Key Elements of a Democratic Government.	Year: 2022-23

I	Multiple Choice Questions: -
1	The leader of the African National Congress was a) Nelson Mandela b) Vinni Mandela c) Yasar Arafat d) Kofi Annan.
2	In India, the government is elected for the period of..... years. a) 2 b) 5 c) 10 d) 1
3	South Africa became a Democratic Republic in the year..... a)1992 b) 1994 c)1955 d) 1990
4	It was the effort of Nelson Mandela that made _____ a Democratic country. a) South Africa b) North Africa c) Egypt d) South America
5	Through in elections, people elect leaders to represent them. a) Voting b) Reading c) Writing d) Speaking
II	State True or False :-
6	Non-whites could vote in South Africa before 1994. False
7	The apartheid system in South Africa was abolished in the year 1990. False
8	South African people were divided into white, black, Indian and coloured races. True
9	Hector Pieterse lived South Western Township (Soweto). True
III	Match the following: -
	A B
10	Untouchability a. democratic country
11	Equality and justice b. Dr.B.R. Ambedkar
12	Afrikaans c. Key elements of democracy
13	South Africa d. language that the Whites spoke.
	e. Election
	ANS 10-b 11-c 12-d 13-a
IV	Answer in brief: -
14	What do you mean by apartheid? Apartheid means separation on people on the basis of race are known as apartheid laws.
15	Who was Hector? What did he want? Hector was a non-white. He wanted to learn his own language Zulu.
16	Who is responsible for helping to resolve conflicts or differences? The government is responsible for helping to resolve conflicts or differences.
17	How did Dr. Ambedkar and many others like him view equality and justice? They thought that justice can only be achieved when people are treated equally.
V	Answer in detail: -
18	What happened to Hector and his classmates? Why did it happen? <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Hector and his classmates, because they were non-whites living in one black township named Soweto, were being forced to learn the language of whites i.e. Afrikaans.• But they wanted to learn their own language, Zulu and joined the protest against

	<p>learning the Afrikaans language in school.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The South African police beat up the protestors ruthlessly and shot at the crowd. One of their bullets killed Hector.
19	<p>Write a short note on 'The African National Congress'.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The African National Congress, a group of people who led the struggle against the system of apartheid. • Dr. Nelson Mandela was their leader. • The struggle got intensified under his leadership. • He fought the apartheid system for several years. • Finally, the system was abolished in 1994 and South Africa became a democratic country in which people of all races were considered equal.
20	<p>When do conflicts occur? What happens afterward?</p> <p>Conflicts occur when people of different cultures, religions, regions or economic background do not get along with each other, or when some among them feel they are being discriminated against.</p> <p>This leads to fear and tension among others living in an area.</p>